

# Innovation for biocides: downstream users' perspectives The case of detergents

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Preservation of Paints & Detergents: Workshop on Innovation & Industry challenges 15 May 2019 – Radisson Blu Royal Hotel, Brussels

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# A broad product range to be preserved

#### **Both Household and Professional Cleaning**

Machina

Laundry liquid detergents	dishwashing liqu	ids conditioners
Shoes cleaners		Car cleaners
Bathroom cleaners		Hand dish washing liquid detergents
All purpose cleaners	Air care	Cleaning Window wipes
Insecticides	products	Window wipes cleaners

50% of the total A.I.S.E. product portfolio (= €18 bn turnover) relies on in-can preservatives

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#### **R&D efforts from the sector**

- Attempt to eliminate / reduce use of incan preservatives in the past years
- Some companies have dedicated R&D programs (Millions EUR invested)
- Reduction of the level of preservatives is possible in some cases



#### **Options explored by the sector**

- Optimisation of products composition : water level, compaction, ingredients' level
- 2. pH increase/ decrease
- 3. Powder or solid formats





## **1. Optimisation of product composition?**

- Reduction of water level, increase of surfactants level
- Elimination of preservatives is possible in some cases
  - Professional products
  - Laundry detergent capsules
- Issues/ limitations:

- More harzardous products (more severe CLP classification)
- Capsules: many consumers prefer 'normal' liquid detergents (e.g. due to flexibility in dosing, cost)



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#### 2. pH increase / decrease ?

- pH range conducive to microbial growth:
  3 < pH < 10</li>
- Very limited number of products can be formulated at extreme pH's
  - Some all purpose cleaners (e.g. acidic descalers)
  - Some professional products
- Drawback: more hazardous products (more severe CLP classification, e.g. Skin/Eye corrosive)



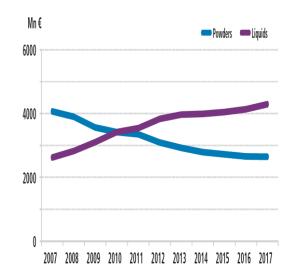


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### 3. Powder or solid formats ?

- Market preference: liquid format
- End-users needs better addressed by liquid form
  - Convenient & accurate dosing/ use: e.g. window cleaners in spray, automatic dosing systems for professional uses
  - Ready-to-use products
- Sustainability aspects:
  - Powder detergents are more energy intensive to produce than liquids
  - Liquid detergents enable energy savings (cold wash cycles)



Household liquid vs. powder laundry detergent market (source Euromonitor, EU28, Retail Sales Prices)





#### 3. Powder or solid formats?

- A few attempts on the market to move to powder/ solid form
  - Very specific product categories, e.g. fragrance boosters in "pearl" form (alternative to fabric conditioners, but deliver only the perfume benefits)
  - Incidental in terms of products range to be preserved





#### Attempts to find alternatives "GC3 Preservatives challenge"

- Aim: identify and support innovators developing new preservatives for household & personal care products
- Sponsored by preservatives' suppliers and downstream users
- Outcome (household care):
  - Led to interesting science
  - Did not identify any technology that would be usable in the short/medium term





#### Conclusions

- Major R&D efforts in the past years
- A few solutions exist, BUT
  - Only for specific products; limited portion of A.I.S.E. liquid products range
  - Always associated with drawbacks: e.g. more hazardous products, sustainability
- Total elimination of in-can preservatives is not possible for the majority of products



#### Way forward?

- The detergent and cleaning products industry is committed to pursue R&D efforts
- Long-term innovation?
  - R&D investments challenging for SME's
  - Requires time





# Thank you for your attention!